Personal Discipleship





Week 7
Textual Criticism

66TEXTUAL CITTESIM⁹⁹

5.5.5

Syllabus

9 Weeks

- 1 Introduction to Personal Discipleship
- 2. Keeping It Real
- 3. Current Challenges to Christianity
- 4. Apologetic Reasoning
- 5. Does God Exist?
- 6. Can We Trust the Bible?
- 7. Textual Criticism
- 8. Biblical Inerrancy
- 9. The Trial of Jesus (Palm Sunday)

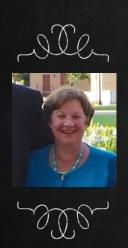




Week 7 Report

Volunteer Question:

What is textual criticism and why is it important?



Marion Paine

Mother of 2 amazing boys

Mother-in-law of a precious daughter-in-law

faw Degree from W3M

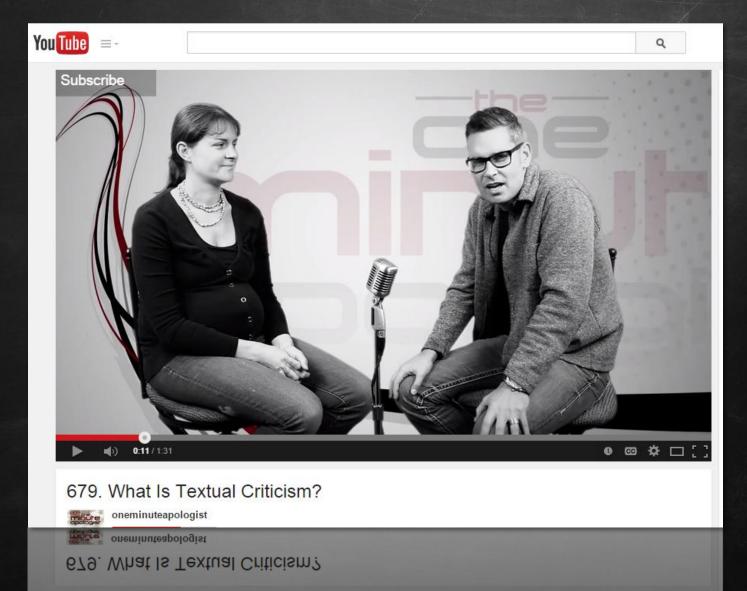
Works for James City County Office of Housing 3 Community

Development

Taught technical theatre at Hollins College Best person John ever met

Video

One Minute Apologist: "What Is Textual Criticism?"



Textual Criticism

Three fundamental approaches to textual criticism:

~Eclecticism

~Stemmatics

~Copy-text Editing



Eclecticism

- ~ Consult wide diversity of witnesses
- The more witnesses the less likely they will have the same errors
- ~ What one omits the other contains
- Majority is generally, but not automatically, preferred
- No witness is theoretically preferred

 Currently the dominant method of analyzing

 Greek MT



Stemmatics

- ~ Family Trees
- ~ Shows relationship of witnesses
- ~ Community of error implies community of origin
- Tf one reading in same family occurs more often it is selected
- Tf different readings occur with same frequency editorial judgment is exercised



Copy-text Editing

- Critic uses a "base" text and makes corrections where base text appears wrong
- Where base text does not make sense critic refers to other witnesses

HT: wikipedia.orp/wiki/Textual_criticism



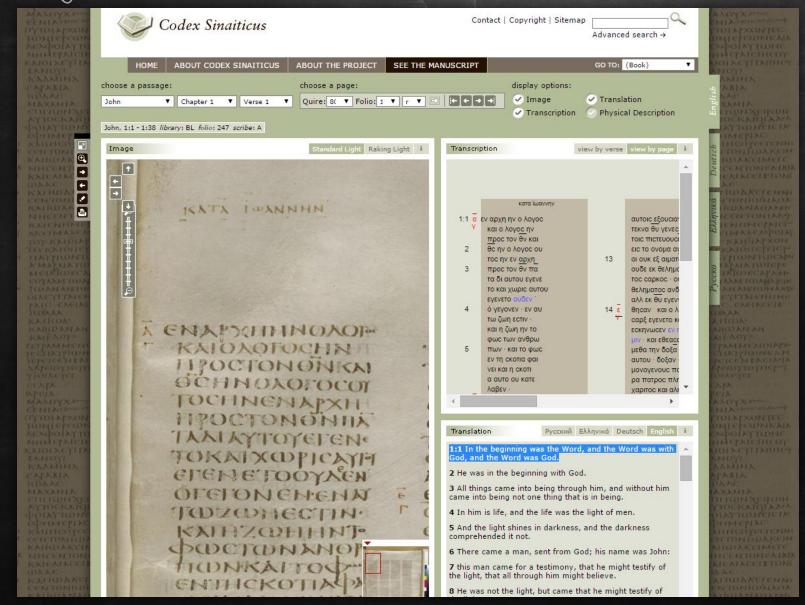
Tischendorf

Discovered Codex Sinaiticus (oldest complete NT, c. AD325)

- ~ Prefer text from the most ancient evidence
- ~ Reading peculiar to a single document is suspect
- ~ Obvious scribal error is to be rejected
- In parallel passages copyists tend to make the readings agree therefore prefer passages that are not in precise accord
- Reading preferred if appears to comprise the elements of the others
- Reading preferred which accords with NT Greek or with individual writer's style

Codex Sinaiticus (oldest complete NT, c. AD325)

CodexSinaiticus.org



Hypothetical Text Types - "Families"

Alexandrian Text

~ From Egypt

~ Ex. Codex Sinaiticus & Vaticanus, early papyrus manuscripts

Byzantine Text

Widely used in Constantinople
Produced in Antioch, Syria under direction of Lucian, early 4th century
Used by Erasmus for 1st printed Greek NT which was basis for KJV

~ Less important than Alexandrian Text



"Families" cont.

Western Text

- ~ Used primarily in North Africa ~ Traced to 2nd century ~ Value disputed despite age

- ~ Not carefully preserved

Caesarean Text

- ~ Used in Caesarea
- ~ Mixture of Alexandrian and Western
- ~ Therefore of limited value

HT: legacy.earlham.edu~seidti/iam/text_crit.html



Resources: Veracity Post

This Veracity post contains links to many of the most important New Testament important New Testament manuscripts.

Click on the Sigla (those funny-looking symbols) to see funny-looking symbols to see online versions of the manuscripts.

Veracity

Sharing the Joy of Personal Discipleship

Who Wrote the Bible? (Part 4)

By John Paine



Who wrote the Bible?

Welcome back to our <u>series</u> on the authorship of the <u>Bible</u>. In this post we will explore evidence that points to Matthew, Mark, Luke, and John as the writers of <u>the four canonical gospels</u>.

June 22, 2014

Setting aside for now discussions about canonicity, inerrancy, and

<u>textual criticism</u>, how much confidence can we have that the four gospels were written by their traditionally-accepted authors?

Because none of the gospel writers identified themselves by name as the author of the text, these foundational books of the Christian faith remain technically anonymous. It is no surprise therefore that skeptics seek to discredit the claims of Christianity by questioning the traditional authorship of the gospels. Likewise it is no surprise that well-meaning proponents of the faith get in over their heads when it comes to defending the traditional authorship. As you can see from spirited discussions like this one (be sure to read the comments), the facts can easily become blurred by the voices entangled in debate. Our position on Veracity is that we're all about the truth and that readers can decide for themselves without being told what to think. Personally, I think scholars give themselves too much credit for what they 'know'—on both sides of the debate. Worldviews influence interpretation. Got it.

Video

Debate: "Can We Trust the Text of the New Testament?"





DANIEL B. WALLACE



Daniel B. Wallace is the Director of the Center for the Study of New Testament Manuscripts (CSNTM) and Professor of New

Testament Studies at <u>Dallas Theological</u>
<u>Seminary</u>. He is the senior New Testament
editor for the <u>NET Bible</u> and has traveled
around the world preserving Greek New
Testament manuscripts with CSNTM.

BART D. EHRMAN



Bart D. Ehrman is the James A. Gray Distinguished Professor of Religious Studies at the <u>University of North</u> Carokna Chapel Hill

and the author of over 20 books including the bestselling Mingusting Issue. The Story of Was Changed the Bible and Why. He has appeared on CNN, The History Channel, The Discovery Channel, The Daily Show, and The Colbert Report



Testament Studies as <u>Pallas Theological</u> Seminary. He is the senior New Testamen editor for the <u>NET Bole</u> and sas traveled around the world preserving Greek New Testament manuscripts with CSNTM.



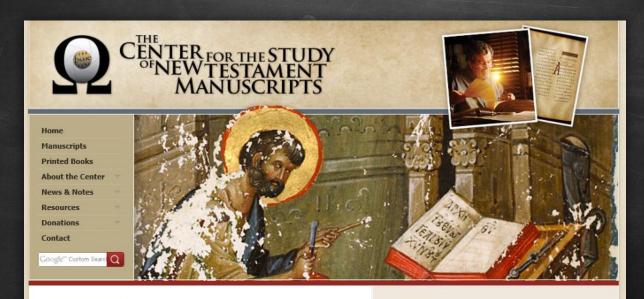
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Resources: Center for the Study of New Testament Manuscripts



LATEST NEWS

Additional Extra-Biblical Chester Beatty Papyrus Images Now Available

Press Release

2 March 2015

In the summer of 2013, the Center for the Study of New Testament Manuscripts (CSNTM) digitized the Greek biblical papyri housed at the Chester Beatty Library (CBL) in Dublin, Ireland. The Chester Beatty collection includes some of the earliest and most important Greek biblical manuscripts in the world. In addition to these biblical manuscripts, CSNTM also digitized several extra-biblical Greek papyri that are part of the CBL collection.

For the first time, images of two of these extra-biblical Chester Beatty manuscripts have now been made available:

1) The Apocryphon of Jannes and Jambres the Magicians

Jannes and Jambres is an apocryphal work. Its text is fragmentary and dated from the 3rd-4th century.

BLOG

Your Amazon purchases can help CSNTM

ROBERT MARCELLO

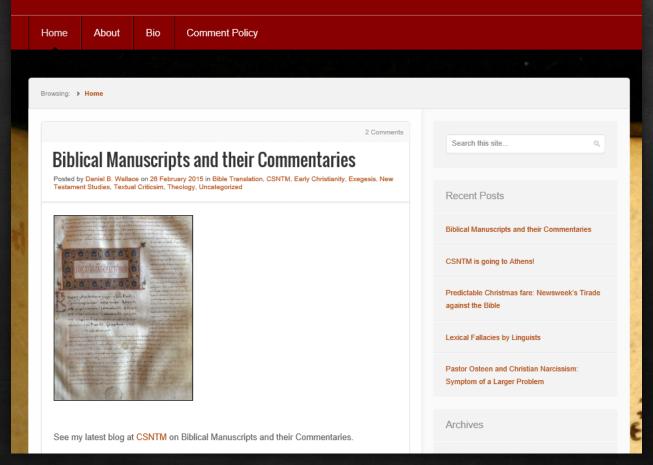
THURSDAY, AUGUST 23, 2012



CSNTM.Org

Resources: Daniel B. Wallace Blog

Daniel B. Wallace



Daniel BWallace.com

Upcoming Volunteer Questions

3/22 What is biblical interrancy \$\rightarrow\text{why is it controversial? (Dave Rudy)}
3/29 Group Discussion:

How would you answer if someone asked, "What is personal discipleship and why does it matter?"





For Next Week

Volunteer Question:

What is biblical interrancy & why is it controversial?

(Dave Rudy)





Upcoming Events...

National Conference on Christian Apologetics Oct. 16-17, 2015 Charlotte, NC

Evangelical Theological Society 67th Annual Meeting

Nov. 17-19, 2015 Atlanta, GA

